

1375 W. Fulton Street, Suite 530 Chicago, IL 60607 Email: contact@belaydiagnostics.com Phone: (331) 320-0155 | Fax: (800) 501-9246

Summit™ 2.0 + Vantage™ Report

Patient Information	Provisional Diagnosis	Specimen	Physician Information
Name:John Smith	Diagnosis:Central Nervous System	Type:CSF	Institution:Belay Diagnostics
DOB:01/01/1990	Neoplasm; Lymphocytic	Collected:01/01/2025	Referring Physician:Provider Test
Sex Assigned at Birth:Male	Neoplasm	Received:01/02/2025	
MRN:11xx22xx33	ICD10:R94.02	Specimen ID:SumPos-PCNSL-1	

RESULT SUMMARY

POSITIVE

Comments

MYD88 and CD79B are characteristically altered in primary central nervous system lymphoma (PCNSL), driving tumor biology via NF- B activation (PMID: 40263702). MYD88 L265P and CD79B Y196 variants have been shown to predict response to R-MPV (rituximab, high-dose methotrexate, procarbazine and vincristine) in PCNSL (PMID: 36478416). Clinical correlation is required.

DNMT3A is one of the most commonly associated genes with clonal hematopoiesis of indeterminate potential (CHIP). Summit™ 2.0 cannot distinguish between tumor-derived and CHIP variants as there is no paired normal specimen assessment. Clinical correlation is required.

CLINICALLY SIGNIFICANT ALTERATION DETAILS (Tier 1 or 2 per AMP/ASCO/CAP)

SNV, MNV, Indel Variants				
		Actionability Summary		
Alteration	VAF	FDA/NCCN Therapies Associated	Prognostic/Diagnostic Guidelines	Clinical Trial Options
CD79B p.Y196H c.586T>C	1.5%	No No	Yes	Yes
MYD88 p.L265P c.794T>C	1.6%	No	Yes	Yes
<i>DNMT3A</i> p.A226fs c.675dup	2.6%	No	Yes	No

Copy Number Variants: None

Fusion Variants: None

Biomarkers				4
Tumor Mutation Burden (TMB)			Microsatellite Ins	tability (MSI)
Not Detected Low High		Stable	High	

Aneuploidy Variants (Chromosome Arm Level Loss or Gain): None



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Vantage™ <i>MGMT</i> Promoter Methylation				
Status Guidelines		Actionability Summary		
		FDA/NCCN Therapies Associated	Prognostic/Diagnostic Guidelines	Clinical Trial Options
Methylated	NCCN	Yes	Yes	Yes

VARIANTS OF UNKNOWN SIGNIFICANCE (Tier 3)

	~ A			
SNV/MNVs/Indels				
CD79B G223D CD79B A29V DNMT3A R891Q DNMT3A G654D	<i>DNMT3A</i> V341del <i>FRS2</i> S <mark>22</mark> 6C <i>H3-4</i> P31T <i>KLHL</i> 6 V438 <mark>M</mark>	KLHL6 1435S LRP1B A1444= NOTCH2 R2089T PHF6 G10R	PIM1 G47fs PIM1 Q127* POLE S2150C POLE S1353G	PRDM1 P84L SLX4 I1000V SMARCD1 P275S SNCAIP G834E
Gene Level CNVs	70	'X		
None				
Fusions		\sim		
None		C_{i}		
	-	7/	-	

ACTIONABILITY SUMMARY

None

Aneuploidy Variants of Unknown Significance

FDA / NCCN Therapies for the Patient's Tumor Type (Tier 1A)	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
Biomarker	Therapies	Setting	Source(s)
MGMT Promoter Methylation Positive	alkylating agent	Unspecified	NCCN

FDA / NCCN Therapies with Resistance / Decreased Response (Tier 1A): None

Prognostic Implications per NCCN: None

Diagnostic Implications per WHO		
Biomarker	Diseases	Note
<i>CD79B</i> Y196H	Lymphocytic Neoplasm	Among lymphocytic neoplasms, CD79B mutations are most closely associated with large B-cell lymphomas. In DLBCL-NOS, the activated B cell (ABC) subtype is enriched for BCR pathway mutations including CD79B (PMID: 25805586), and co-mutation of CD79B and MYD88 defines the MCD molecular subtype (PMID: 32289277). Additionally, CD79B hotspot mutations are genetic hallmarks of primary large B-cell lymphoma of immune-privileged sites (CNS, vitreoretinal, testis), are reported in ~2/3 of intravascular large B-cell lymphoma, and are also observed in primary cutaneous DLBCL, leg type, as well as in DLBCL/HGBCL with MYC and BCL6 rearrangements.
DNMT3A A226fs	Lymphocytic Neoplasm	Among lymphocytic neoplasms, DNMT3A mutation is supportive of diagnosis of Nodal T follicular helper cell lymphoma, angioimmunoblastic type (nTFHL-Al), although it occurs early in hematopoietic stem cells and its diagnostic value must be interpreted in conjunction with lymphoma-specific genetic changes. DNMT3A mutations are also present in other lymphocytic neoplasms, such as T-lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma NOS (T-ALL/LBL-NOS), Sezary syndrome, Mycosis fungoides, Breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma (BIA-ALCL), and the TBX21 molecular subtype of Peripheral T-cell lymphoma NOS (PTCL-NOS). DNMT3A mutations are also found in mixed-phenotype acute leukemia.
MGMT Promoter	Centra l Nervous	Among central nervous system neoplasms, MGMT promoter methylation is detectable in the majority of oligodendrogliomas (PMID: 15455350). The MGMT gene encodes a DNA repair protein (PMID: 24071851) and is transcriptionally silenced by promoter methylation in approximately 40-50% of IDH-wildtype glioblastomas (PMID:



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Methylation Positive	System Neoplasm	24120142; PMID: 10029064; PMID: 15758010; PMID: 22294349). MGMT promoter methylation in glioblastoma is a strong predictive marker of response to alkylating agents such as temozolomide and is associated with longer overall survival (PMID: 15758010; PMID: 22877848; PMID: 22578793; PMID: 19805672; PMID: 25655102; PMID: 24068788; PMID: 25035291; PMID: 24912512; PMID: 30782343), with more than 90% of long-term survivors harboring MGMT promoter methylation (PMID: 19269895). A higher frequency of methylation (>75%) is also associated with gliomas exhibiting the glioma CpG island methylator phenotype (G-CIMP), characteristic of IDH-mutant tumors (PMID: 22810491; PMID: 24120142; PMID: 23209033). Although H3 G34-mutant diffuse hemispheric gliomas display widespread DNA hypomethylation, MGMT is often methylated and may be associated with longer overall survival in the absence of oncogene amplifications (PMID: 23079654; PMID: 28966033; PMID: 30101054; PMID: 26482474). In high-grade astrocytoma with piloid features, a methylated MGMT promoter was reported in 46% of tumors, though no association with outcome was observed, and treatment data were unavailable (PMID: 29564591). In primary diffuse large B-cell lymphoma of the CNS, MGMT promoter methylation is observed in approximately 52% of cases and may have therapeutic implications, as a subset of elderly patients responded to temozolomide monotherapy (PMID: 16858686; PMID: 9546285; PMID: 15327516; PMID: 19494841; PMID: 19841864). In pituitary adenoma/pituitary neuroendocrine tumor (PitNET), MGMT protein expression appears inversely related to temozolomide response; however, promoter methylation status does not correlate with treatment outcomes (PMID: 29046323; PMID: 29330228; PMID: 20668043).
MYD88 L265P	Lymphocytic Neoplasm	MYD88 mutations are observed in many B-cell lymphocytic neoplasms. MYD88 mutation is a desirable diagnostic criterion for LPL/WM, and in 93-97% of cases the driver mutation is MYD88 p.L252P (formerly known as L265P) (PMID: 21179087), with 1-2% of cases having other MYD88 mutations. These mutations result in gain of function of MYD88 and constitutive activation of the NF- B pathway. MYD88 mutations are also detectable in as many as 80% of IgM MGUS cases, which are at higher risk of progression to WM. MYD88 mutation are observed in other small B-cell disorders, such as the non-CLL/SLL type of monoclonal B-cell lymphocytosis, the DMT molecular subtype of splenic MZL, splenic diffuse red pulp small B-cell lymphoma, and Mu heavy chain disease, but are rare or absent in Gamma heavy chain disease, primary cutaneous follicle centre lymphoma, nodal and extra-nodal MZL, and cold agglutinin disease. Among large B-cell lymphomas, MY88 mutations are associated with primary cutaneous DLBCL, leg type (70-75%), the ABC molecular subtype of DLBCL-NOS, intravascular LBCL (~50%), LBCL with IRF4 rearrangement, primary LBCL of immune-privileged sites, and fluid overload-associated LBCL, but tend to be absent in EBV+ DLBCL (PMID: 31123031).

CLINICAL TRIALS / INVESTIGATIONAL THERAPIES

CD79B Y196H + MYD88 L265P	(/,	A.		
Therapy	Clinical Trial		Location/Sponsor	
zanubrutinib + R-CHOP regimen	NCT06846463 (Phase 2) Zanubrutinib in Patients With DLBCL	and MYD88 or NOTCH1 Mutation or CD5+	Richmond, Virginia Virginia Commonwealth University masseyepd@vcu.edu	

MGMT Promoter Methylation Positive				
Therapy	Clinical Trial	Location/Sponsor		
tuvusertib + temozolomide		New Haven, Connecticut National Cancer Institute (NCI)		

TMB-Low		
Therapy	Clinical Trial	Location/Sponsor
VSV-hIFNbeta-NIS	NCT03017820 (Phase 1) A Vaccine (VSV-hIFN -NIS) with or Without Cyclophosphamide and Combinations of Ipilimumab, Nivolumab, and Cemiplimab in Treating Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma, Acute Myeloid Leukemia or Lymphoma	Scottsdale, Arizona Mayo Clinic mayocliniccancerstudies@mayo.edu

TIER 1A THERAPY DETAILS

MGMT Promoter Methylation Positive				
Therapy	Approval / Guideline Summary	Underlying Evidence		
alkylating agent	Per NCCN, methylation of the MGMT promoter in glioma silences MGMT, making the tumor more sensitive to treatment with alkylating agents (Category 2A).	The NCCN guideline for alkylating agents was supported by data from a retrospective analysis of the MGMT promoter in tumor DNA by a methylation-specific polymerase chain reaction at the University Hospital of Navarre (PMID: 11070098). Clinical data demonstrated methylation of the promoter was positively correlated with the clinical response and with overall and disease-free survival; 63% (n = 12/19) of the patients with methylated tumors had a partial or complete response to carmustine, as compared with 4% ; P < 0.001 (n = 1/28) patients with unmethylated tumors. Additionally, the median time to the progression of disease was 21 mo. for methylated gliomas vs. 8 mo. for unmethylated glioma; P < 0.001.		



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TEST DETAILS

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PANEL CONTENT AND REPORTING TRANSCRIPTS							
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ABL1 NM_005157.4	<i>DNAJB1</i> NM_006145.1	H2BC5 NM_021063.3	MYC NM_002467.4 ⁺	COP1 NM_022457.5			
ABL2 NM_007314.3	DNMT1 NM_001130823.1	H3C1 NM_003529.2	MYCL NM_001033082.2+	RHEB NM_005614.3			
ACVR1 NM_001105.4	DNMT3A NM_022552.4 DNMT3B NM_006892.3	H3C2 NM_003537.3		RHOA NM_001664.2			
ACVR1B NM_020328.3	DOT1L NM 032482.2	H3C3 NM_003531.2 ⁺	MYCN NM_005378.4 ⁺	RICTOR NM_152756.3			
AKT1 NM_001014432.1	E2F3 NM 001949.4	H3C4 NM_003530.4	MYD88 NM_002468.4 ⁺	RIT1 NM_006912.5			
AKT2 NM_001626.4 ⁺	EED NM_003797.3	H3C6 NM_003532.2	MYOD1 NM_002478.4	RNF43 NM_017763.4			
AKT3 NM_005465.4	EGFL7 NM_016215.4	H3C7 NM_021018.2	NAB2 NM_005967.3	ROS1 NM_002944.2			
	EGFR NM 005228.3	H3C8 NM_003534.2 H3C10 NM 003536.2	NBN NM_002485.4	RPS6KA4 NM_003942.2			
ALK NM_004304.4	EIF1AX NM_001412.3	H3C11 NM_003533.2	NCOA3 NM_181659.2	RPS6KB1 NM_003161.3 +			
ANKRD11 NM_001256182.1 ANKRD26 NM_014915.2	EIF4A2 NM 001967.3	H3C12 NM_003535.2	NCOR1 NM_006311.3	RPS6KB2 NM_003952.2			
	EIF4E NM 001130679.1	H3C15 NM 001005464.2	NEGR1 NM_173808.2	RPTOR NM_020761.2			
APC NM_000038.5 ⁺	EML4 NM_019063.3	H3C14 NM_021059.2	<i>NF1</i> NM_001042492.2 ⁺	RUNX1 NM_001754.4			
AR NM_000044.3 ⁺	EP300 NM_001429.3	H3C13 NM_001123375.2	NF2 NM_000268.3 ⁺	RUNX1T1 NM_175635.2			
ARAF NM_001654.4	EPCAM NM_002354.2	H3-4 NM_003493.2	10.74	RYBP NM_012234.5			
ARFRP1 NM_003224.4	EPHA3 NM_005233.5	HLA-A NM_002116.7	NFE2L2 NM_006164.4 ⁺	SDHA NM_004168.2			
ARID1A NM_006015.4	EPHA5 NM_004439.5	<i>HLA-B</i> NM_005514.6	NFKBIA NM_020529.2	SDHAF2 NM_017841.2			
ARID1B NM_020732.3	EPHA7 NM_004440.3	HLA-C NM_002117.5	NKX2-1 NM_001079668.2	SDHB NM_003000.2			
ARID2 NM_152641.2	EPHB1 NM_004441.4	HNF1A NM_000545.5	NKX3-1 NM_006167.3	SDHC NM_003001.3			
ARID5B NM_032199.2	ERBB2 NM_004448.2 +	HNRNPK NM_002140.3	NOTCH1 NM_017617.3 NOTCH2 NM_024408.3	SDHD NM_003002.3 SETBP1 NM_015559.2			
ASXL1 NM_015338.5	ERBB3 NM 001982.3	HOXB13 NM_006361.5	NOTCH2 NM_024408.3 NOTCH3 NM_000435.2	ST0			
ASXL2 NM_018263.4	ERBB4 NM 005235.2	HRAS NM_005343.2 ⁺	NOTCH4 NM_004557.3	SETD2 NM_014159.6 +			
ATM NM_000051.3 ⁺		HSD3B1 NM_000862.2	NPM1 NM_002520.6	SF3B1 NM_012433.2			
ATR NM_001184.3	ERCC1 NM_001983.3 +	HSP90AA1 NM_001017963.2		SH2B3 NM_005475.2			
ATRX NM_000489.3 +	ERCC2 NM_000400.3	ICOSLG NM_015259.4	NRAS NM_002524.4	SH2D1A NM_002351.4			
AURKA NM_198433.1	ERCC3 NM_000122.1	ID3 NM_002167.4	NRG1 NM_013964.3	SHQ1 NM_018130.2 SLIT2 NM_004787.1			
AURKB NM_004217.3	ERCC4 NM_005236.2	IDH1 NM_005896.2 ⁺	NSD1 NM_022455.4	SLX4 NM 032444.2			
AXIN1 NM_003502.3	ERCC5 NM_000123.3	IDH2 NM_002168.2+	NTRK1 NM_002529.3	SMAD2 NM 005901.5			
AXIN2 NM_004655.3	ERG NM_001136154.1	IGF1 NM_001111283.1	NTRK2 NM 006180.3	SMAD3 NM_005902.3			
AXL NM_021913.4	ERRFI1 NM_018948.3	IGF1R NM_000875.3	NTRK3 NM_001012338.2	SMAD4 NM_005359.5			
<i>B2M</i> NM_004048.2	ESR1 NM_001122742.1	/GF2 NM_001127598.1	NUP93 NM_014669.4				
BAP1 NM_004656.3	ETS1 NM_001143820.1	IKBKE NM_014002.3	^	SMARCA4 NM_001128849.1			
BARD1 NM_000465.2	ETV1 NM_004956.4	IKZF1 NM_006060.4	NUTM1 NM_175741.1	SMARCB1 NM_003073.3 +			
BBC3 NM_001127240.2	ETV4 NM 001079675.2	<i>IL10</i> NM_000572.2	PAK1 NM_001128620.1	SMARCD1 NM_003076.4			
BCL10 NM_003921.4 BCL2 NM_000633.2	ETV5 NM_004454.2	<i>IL7R</i> NM_002185.3	PAK3 NM_002578.3 PAK5 NM_020341.3	SMC1A NM_006306.3			
BCL2L1 NM_138578.1	_ ^	INHA NM_002191.3	PALB2 NM 024675.3	SMC3 NM_005445.3			
BCL2L11 NM_001204108.1	ETV6 NM_001987.4	INHBA NM_002192.2	PRKN NM_004562.2	SMO NM_005631.4 ⁺			
BCL2L2 NM_001199839.1	EWSR1 NM_013986.3	INPP4A NM_001134224.1	PARP1 NM_001618.3	SNCAIP NM_005460.2			
BCL6 NM_001706.4	EZH2 NM_004456.4	INPP4B NM_003866.2	PAX3 NM_181457.3	SOCS1 NM_003745.1			
BCOR NM_001123385.1	AMER1 NM_152424.3	INSR NM_000208.2 IRF2 NM_002199.3	PAX5 NM_016734.2	SOX10 NM_006941.3			
BCORL1 NM_021946.4	ABRAXAS1 NM_139076.2	IRF4 NM 002460.3	PAX7 NM_001135254.1	SOX17 NM_022454.3			
BCR NM_004327.3	TENT5C NM_017709.3	IRS1 NM_005544.2	_ ^	SOX2 NM_003106.3			
BIRC3 NM_001165.4	FANCA NM_000135.2	IRS2 NM_003749.2	PAX8 NM_013953.3	SOX9 NM_000346.3			
BLM NM_000057.2	FANCC NM_000136.2	JAK1 NM_002227.2	PBRM1 NM_018313.4	SPEN NM_015001.2			
BMPR1A NM_004329.2	FANCD2 NM_033084.3 FANCE NM_021922.2	JAK2 NM_004972.3 +	PDCD1 NM_005018.2 PDCD1LG2 NM_025239.3	SPOP NM_001007228.1			
BRAF NM_004333.4 ^+	FANCE NM_021922.2 FANCF NM_022725.3	JAK3 NM_000215.3		SPTA1 NM_003126.2			
1	FANCG NM_004629.1	JUN NM_002228.3	PDGFRA NM_006206.4	SRC NM_198291.2			
BRCA1 NM_007294.3	FANCI NM_001113378.1	KAT6A NM_006766.3	PDGFRB NM_002609.3 +	SRSF2 NM_003016.4 STAG1 NM_005862.2			
BRCA2 NM_000059.3 ⁺	FANCL NM_001114636.1	KDM5A NM_001042603.1	<i>PDK1</i> NM_001278549.1	STAG7 NM_003802.2 STAG2 NM_001042749.1			
BRD4 NM_058243.2	FAS NM_000043.4	KDM5C NM_004187.3	PDPK1 NM_002613.4	STAT3 NM_139276.2			
BRIP1 NM_032043.2	FAT1 NM_005245.3	KDM6A NM_021140.2	<i>PGR</i> NM_000926.4	STAT4 NM_003151.3			
BTG1 NM_001731.2	FBXW7 NM_033632.3 +	KDR NM_002253.2	PHF6 NM_032458.2	STAT5A NM_003152.3			
BTK NM_000061.2		KEAP1 NM_012289.3	<i>PHOX2B</i> NM_003924.3	STAT5B NM_012448.3			
EMSY NM_020193.3	FGF1 NM_001144934.1	KEL NM_000420.2	PIK3C2B NM_002646.3				
CALR NM_004343.3	FGF10 NM_004465.1 +	KIF5B NM_004521.2	PIK3C2G NM_004570.4	STK40 NM_032017.1			
CARD11 NM_032415.4	FGF14 NM 175929.2 +	KIT NM_000222.2 ⁺	PIK3C3 NM_002647.2	SUFU NM_016169.3 +			
CASP8 NM_001228.4	_	<i>KLF4</i> NM_004235.4	PIK3CA NM_006218.2 ⁺	SUZ12 NM_015355.2			
CBFB NM_001755.2	FGF19 NM_005117.2 ⁺		l	I <u>-</u>			



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CBL NM_005188.3	FGF2 NM_002006.4 ⁺	KLHL6 NM 130446.2	l+	SYK NM_003177.5	
	<u> </u>	KMT2B NM 014727.1	PIK3CB NM_006219.2	TBX3 NM_016569.3	
CCND1 NM_053056.2 ^T CCND2 NM_001759.3	FGF23 NM_020638.2 ⁺	<i>KMT2C</i> NM_170606.2	PIK3CD NM_005026.3	ELOC NM_005648.3	
-	FGF3 NM_005247.2 ⁺	KMT2D NM_003482 3		TCF3 NM_003200.3	
CCND3 NM_001760.3		KRAS NM_004985.3 +	PIK3R1 NM_181523.2 PIK3R2 NM_005027.3	TCF7L2 NM_030756.4	
CCNE1 NM_001238.2 +	FGF4 NM_002007.2 ⁺		PIK3R3 NM_003629.3	TERC	
CD274 NM_014143.3	FGF5 NM_004464.3 ⁺	LAMP1 NM_005561.3 ⁺	PIM1 NM_002648.3	TERT NM_198253.2 +	
CD276 NM_001024736.1	FGF6 NM_020996.1 +	LATS1 NM_004690.3	PLCG2 NM_002661.3	TET1 NM_030625.2	
CD74 NM_001025159.2		LATS2 NM_014572.2	PLK2 NM_006622.3	TET2 NM_001127208.2	
CD79A NM_001783.3	FGF7 NM_002009.3	LMO1 NM_002315.2	PMAIP1 NM_021127.2	۸	
	FGF8 NM_033163.3 +	LRP1B NM_018557.2	PMS1 NM_000534.4	TFE3 NM_006521.4	
CD79B NM_000626.2	FGF9 NM_002010.2 ⁺	LYN NM_002350.3 LZTR1 NM_006767.3	PMS2 NM_000535.5	TFRC NM_003234.2 ⁺	
CDC73 NM_024529.4	FGFR1 NM_023110.2 +	MAGI2 NM 012301.3	PNRC1 NM_006813.2	TGFBR1 NM_004612.2	
CDH1 NM_004360.3 ⁺	Α.	MALT1 NM_006785.3	POLD1 NM_001256849.1	TGFBR2 NM_001024847.2	
CDK12 NM_016507.2	FGFR2 NM_000141.4	MAP2K1 NM_002755.3	POLE NM_006231.2	TMEM127 NM_017849.3	
CDK4 NM_000075.3 ⁺	FGFR3 NM_000142.4	MAP2K2 NM 030662.3	PPARG NM 138712.3	TMPRSS2 NM_001135099.1	
The state of the s		MAP2K4 NM_003010.3	PPM1D NM_003620.3	TNFAIP3 NM_006290.3	
CDK6 NM_001259.6	FGFR4 NM_213647.1	MAP3K1 NM 005921.1	PPP2R1A NM_014225.5	TNFRSF14 NM_003820.2	
CDK8 NM_001260.1	FH NM_000143.3	MAP3K13 NM_004721.4	PPP2R2A NM_001177591.1	TOP1 NM_003286.2	
CDKN1A NM_000389.4	FLCN NM_144997.5	MAP3K14 NM_003954.3	PPP6C NM_001123355.1	TOP2A NM_001067.3	
CDKN1B NM_004064.3	FLI1 NM_002017.4	MAP3K4 NM_005922.2	PRDM1 NM_001198.3	TP53 NM_000546.5 ⁺	
CDKN2A NM_000077.4 ⁺	FLT1 NM_002019.4	MAPK1 NM_002745.4	PREX2 NM_024870.2	TP63 NM_003722.4	
CDKN2B NM_004936.3 +	FLT3 NM_004119.2 FLT4 NM_182925.4	MAPK3 NM_002746.2	PRKAR1A NM_212472.2	TRAF2 NM_021138.3	
CDKN2C NM_001262.2	FOXA1 NM_004496.3	MAX NM_002382.4	PRKCI NM_002740.5	1 	
CEBPA NM_004364.3	FOXL2 NM 023067.3	MCL1 NM_021960.4	PRKDC NM_006904.6	TRAF7 NM_032271.2 +	
CENPA NM_001809.3	FOXO1 NM_002015.3	MDC1 NM_014641.2	PRSS8 NM_002773.3	TSC1 NM_000368.4	
CHD2 NM_001271.3	FOXP1 NM 032682.5	MDM2 NM_002392.5 +	PTCH1 NM_000264.3 +	TSC2 NM_000548.3	
CHD4 NM_001273.2	FRS2 NM_001278351.1			TSHR NM_000369.2	
CHEK1 NM_001114122.2+	-	MDM4 NM_002393.4 ⁺	PTEN NM_000314.4	U2AF1 NM_006758.2 VEGFA NM_001025366.2	
	FUBP1 NM_003902.3	MED12 NM_005120.2	PTPN11 NM_002834.3	800X	
CHEK2 NM_007194.3 +	FYN NM_002037.5	MEF2B NM_001145785.1	PTPRD NM_002839.3	VHL NM_000551.3 +	
C/C NM_015125.3 ⁺	GABRA6 NM_000811.2	MEN1 NM_130799.2	PTPRS NM_002850.3	VTCN1 NM_024626.3	
CREBBP NM_004380.2	GATA1 NM_002049.3 GATA2 NM_032638.4	MET NM_000245.2 ⁺	PTPRT NM_133170.3	CCN6 NM_003880.3	
CRKL NM_005207.3		MGA NM_001164273.1	QKI NM_006775.2	WT1 NM_024426.4	
CRLF2 NM_022148.2	GATA3 NM_001002295.1 +	MITF NM_000248.3	RAB35 NM_006861.6 RAC1 NM_018890.3	XIAP NM_001167.3	
CSF1R NM_005211.3	GATA4 NM_002052.3	MLH1 NM_000249.3	RAD21 NM_006265.2	XPO1 NM_003400.3	
CSF3R NM_156039.3	GATA6 NM_005257.4	KMT2A NM_001197104.1	RAD50 NM_005732.3	XRCC2 NM_005431.1	
CSNK1A1 NM_001025105.2	GEN1 NM_182625.3	MLLT3 NM_004529.2	RAD51 NM_002875.4	YAP1 NM_001130145.2	
CTCF NM_006565.3	GID4 NM_024052.4	MPL NM_005373.2	RAD51B NM_133509.3	YES1 NM_005433.3	
CTLA4 NM_005214.4	GLI1 NM_005269.2	MRE11 NM_005591.3	RAD51C NM_058216.2	ZBTB2 NM_020861.1	
CTNNA1 NM_001903.2	GNA11 NM_002067.2	MSH2 NM_000251.2	RAD51D NM_002878.3	ZBTB7A NM_015898.2	
CTNNB1 NM_001904.3 ⁺	GNA13 NM_006572.4	MSH3 NM_002439.4	RAD52 NM_134424.2	ZFHX3 NM_006885.3 ZNF217 NM_006526.2	
CUL3 NM_003590.4	GNAQ NM_002072.3	MSH6 NM_000179.2	RAD54L NM_001142548.1	ZNF703 NM_025069.1	
CUX1 NM_181552.3	GNAS NM_000516.4 ⁺	MST1 NM_020998.3		ZRSR2 NM_005089.3	
CXCR4 NM_003467.2	ADGRA2 NM_032777.9	MST1R NM_002447.2	RAF1 NM_002880.3		
CYLD NM_015247.2	GPS2 NM_004489.4	MTOR NM_004958.3	RANBP2 NM_006267.4 RARA NM 000964.3	<i>MTAP</i> NM_002451.3 ^{+*}	
DAXX NM_001141970.1	GREM1 NM_013372.6	<i>MUTYH</i> NM_001128425.1 <i>MYB</i> NM 001130173.1	RASA1 NM_000890.2	de.	
DCUN1D1 NM_020640.2	GRIN2A NM_000833.3	W 12 NW 00 1130 173.1			
DDR2 NM_001014796.1	GRM3 NM_000840.2		RB1 NM_000321.2 ⁺	11	
DDX41 NM_016222.2	GSK3B NM_002093.3		RBM10 NM_005676.4	/ /	
DHX15 NM_001358.2	H3-3A NM_002107.4 ⁺		RECQL4 NM_004260.3		
DICER1 NM_177438.2	H3-3B NM_005324.3		REL NM_002908.2		
DIS3 NM_014953.3	<i>H3-5</i> NM_001013699.2		RET NM_020975.4 ^+		
	HGF NM_000601.4				
	H1-2 NM_005319.3		1	1	
10 1171	avente for this game	l	I	<u> </u>	

Aneuploidy (chromosome arm level loss and gain)									
chr1p	chr3p	chr5p	chr7p	chr9p	chr11p	chr13q	chr16q	chr18q	chr20q
chr1q	chr3q	chr5q	chr7q	chr9q	chr11q	chr14q	chr17p	chr19p	chr21q
chr2p	chr4p	chr6p	chr8p	chr10p	chr12p	chr15q	chr17q	chr19q	chr22q
chr2q	chr4q	chr6q	chr8q	chr10q	chr12q	chr16p	chr18p	chr20p	

[^]Summit™ also reports fusion events for this gene +Summit™ also reports copy number alterations for this gene *Summit™ only reports copy number alterations for this gene



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Summit™ 2.0 + Vantage™ Report

Methods and Limitations

The Summit™ 2.0 comprehensive genomic profiling next-generation sequencing (NGS) test investigates tumor derived nucleic acid extracted from cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) for clinically relevant single/multi nucleotide variants (SNVs, MNVs), insertions and deletions (indels), gene level copy number variants (CNVs), chromosomal arm level loss/gain (aneuploidy), and other biomarkers such as tumor mutational burden (TMB) and microsatellite instability (MSI). Methodology involves evaluation of 520 genes for SNVs, MNVs, Indels, 62 genes for CNVs, 27 genes for fusions, as well as TMB, MSI and low pass whole genome sequencing (>0.1x) for the detection of chromosomal aneuploidy (PMID: 37014860). Libraries are sequenced on the Illumina NovaSeq XPlus. The LOD (limit of detection) for SNVs, MNVs and Indels was determined to be 0.3% variant allelic frequency (VAF), for CNVs was determined to be >=2-fold change for amplifications and < 0.5-fold change for deletions, for fusions was determined to be >=2 supporting reads, and for aneuploidy was determined to be log2(r) of 0.09. Reporting on TMB and MSI requires >=15ng total nucleic acid yield, for TMB low <10 Mut/Mb, >=10 Mut/Mb for TMB high and MSI high when total unstable sites is >=5%. Variants (mutations and aneuploidy) are called against the human genome build reference hg19 using Summit™Omics pipeline version 1.0.0, developed at Belay Diagnostics.

The Vantage™ MGMT Promoter Methylation Assay utilizes a quantitative PCR (qPCR) followed by high-resolution melt analysis (HRM) using the EpiMelt MGMT kit (MethylDetect) after enzymatic conversion (NEBNext Enzymatic Methyl-seq, New England Biolabs) on a portion of the library generated in the Summit™ workflow. Methylated and unmethylated melting temperature peaks are evaluated using the LightCycler® 480 Software v. 1.5.1 (Roche LifeScience). Qualitative results are reported as "Negative - Unmethylated", "Positive - Methylated", or "Indeterminate Results were equivocal". Specimens with results above the validated 25% methylated control are interpreted as "Positive". Specimens with results between unmethylated and methylated control are interpreted as "Indeterminate".

Tertiary analysis is performed using the precision oncology workbench (GenomOncology) based on the joint AMP/ASCO/CAP consensus guidelines for interpretation of sequence variants in cancer (PMID: 27993330). Please reach out to contact@belaydiagnostics.com for additional information or queries.

Disclaimers

This test was developed, and its performance characteristics determined by Belay Diagnostics Laboratory (CLIA# 14D2302605), which is certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA) as qualified to perform high complexity testing. This test has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). This test may be used for clinical purposes. However, the results of this test do not establish a diagnosis and should not be used alone for diagnosis or patient care decisions or otherwise replace the judgment of a treating physician and must always be interpreted in the context of all relevant clinical and pathological data.

This test is performed only to evaluate for somatic (i.e., tumor-specific) variants within the genes listed and cannot distinguish between germline and somatic alterations with absolute certainty. This test therefore does not report on incidental findings as defined by the American College for Medical Genetics and Genomics (ACMG) (PMID: 37347242). If a germline variant is suspected, follow-up germline testing using non-neoplastic (normal) tissue should be performed by a laboratory permitted to perform germline genetic testing along with genetic counseling. It is possible for a genomic variant to be present yet go undetected by our assay either due to the heterogeneous nature of the specimen or the limits of detection of our assay. Therefore, to the extent a particular genomic variant is not reported, Belay Diagnostics LLC does not guarantee that the variant does not exist in the specimen provided. Likely benign, and benign variants are not reported. For any reported variant of uncertain significance (VUS), if the classification changes, there is no obligation to send out a new report updating this information.

The information presented in the clinical trials and therapeutic sections of this report is compiled from public sources which are continuously updated. While we strive to ensure this information is accurate and complete, we cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of this information. This public sourced information is not ranked in order of potential or predicted efficacy and may not be complete. Specific eligibility criteria should be reviewed as applicable. This information may include associations between a genomic variant (or lack of a variant) and one or more therapeutic agents with potential clinical benefit (or lack of clinical benefit), including agents that are being studied in clinical research. The finding of a genomic variant does not necessarily indicate or demonstrate pharmacologic effectiveness (or lack thereof) of any agent or treatment regimen found in public source information. Similarly, the finding of "no clinically significant variant" does not necessarily indicate or demonstrate lack of pharmacologic effectiveness (or lack of effectiveness) of any agent or treatment regimen found in public source information. Belay Diagnostics expressly disclaims, and makes no representation of or warranty of, the accuracy or completeness with respect to the publicly available information included herein or reviewed or collected during creation of this report.

ACTIONABILITY REFERENCES

FDA: U.S. Food & Drug Administration (fda.gov)

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WHO: World Health Organization Classification of Tumours online (tumourclassification.iarc.who.int)

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